Dow University of Health Sciences



ENDOCRINOLOGY MODULE II STUDY GUIDE 2023

Third Year MBBS

S.No	TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page no.
1	Introduction to Study Guide	3
2	Five Year Curricular Organization	5
3	Overview	6
4	Integrated Module Committee	7
5	Module description	8
6	Rationale	8
7	Learning Outcomes, Objectives and T/L Strategies	9
8	Learning Resources	14
9	Assessment Methods	15

INTRODUCTION

WHAT IS A STUDY GUIDE?

A study guide provides a focus for different educational activities in which the students are engaged. It equips students with information on the topic of study and assists in management of student learning. Furthermore, it imparts relevant information about the organization of the module and thus helps students organize their educational activities accordingly. Another important purpose of a study guide is the dissemination of information about rules and policies and teaching and assessment methods.

HOW DOES A STUDY GUIDE HELP LEARNERS?

- Includes information on organization and management of the module.
- Advises the learners about representatives (from various departments) who can be contacted in case of need.
- Defines the objectives which are expected to be achieved at the end of the module.
- Elaborates the learning strategies which will be implemented during the module.
- Informs learners about the learning resources in order to maximize their learning.
- Provides information on the assessment methods that will be held to determine every student's achievement of objectives.

CURRICULUM MODEL:

Integrated modular curriculum is followed at Dow University of Health Sciences for MBBS program. This implies that instead of studying basic and clinical sciences separate and apart, students will experience a balanced and integrated combination of basic and clinical sciences in the form of a system –based modules.

The modular curriculum followed by Dow University of Health Sciences is integrated both in the vertical and the horizontal directions. However, in order to prepare the students for clinical teaching with a sound background knowledge of the basic sciences, the curriculum has been divided in three spirals.

The three spirals are:

- 1. Spiral -1 Basic Sciences
- 2. Spiral -2 Clinical Sciences
- 3. Spiral -3 Integrated Supervised Practical Training

The Basic Sciences Spiral is spread over the first two years and clinical sciences spiral is distributed over the next two years. In the final year students are given practical hands-on training

in the role similar to that of a shadow house officer. They are encouraged to refer to the theoretical teaching of the first four years for their practical training. The whole curriculum is divided into modules, each module being related to a particular system for example. Cardiovascular 1 module is in the Basic Sciences Spiral and Cardiovascular 2 module is in the Clinical Sciences Spiral.

TEACHING & LEARNING METHODOLOGIES:

The following teaching/learning methods may be used to facilitate the learning process:

- 1. **Interactive Lectures**: Lectures are considered as an efficient means of transferring knowledge to large audiences.
- 2. **Small Group Discussion**: Small group discussion such as case- based learning (CBL) is a form of and interactive learning which helps students develop discussion skills and critical thinking.
- 3. **Practical**: Practical related to Basic Sciences are held to facilitate student learning.
- 4. **Skills**: Skills sessions are scheduled parallel with various modules at fully equipped skills lab in which students observe and learn skills relevant to the respective modules.
- 5. **Self-Directed Learning**: Students have a measure of control over their own learning. They diagnose their needs, set objectives in accordance to their specific needs, identify resources and adjust their pace of learning

Spiral	year	Modules					
First Spiral	ı	FND1- Foundation Cell, Genetics & Cell Death (Basics of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Gen. Pathology, Gen. Pharmacology, Community Medicine & Behavioral Sciences,			HEM1- Blood Module Immunity, Inflammation, Tissue repair, Antimicrobials & Neoplasia 9 Week		
		LCM1- Locomotion Bones, Joints, Nerves & Muscles, 9weeks				RSP1- Respiratory System 6 weeks	CVS1- Cardiovascular System 4 weeks
	11	NEU1- Nervous System 8 weeks			HNN1- Head & Neck &Special 6 weeks	END1- Endocrinology 5weeks	
		GIL 1-GIT and Liver 8 weeks			EXC1- Renal and Excretory System	REP1- Reproductive System 5 weeks	
	111	FND2- Foundat ion 2 2 weeks	IDD 1- Infectio us diseases 5 weeks	HEM2- Hematology 5 weeks		RSP2- Respiratory System 5 weeks	CVS2- Cardiovascular System 4 weeks
Second Spiral		GIL 2-GIT and Liver (including Nutritional Disorders) 8weeks			EXC2- Renal & Excretory System 5 weeks	END2- Endocrinology 5 weeks	
эрна	IV	ORT2- Orthopedics, Rheumatology, Trauma Reproductive 7 weeks System 8 Weeks		PMR-Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation DPS-Dermatology Plastic Surgery / Burns GEN-Genetics 6 weeks			
		NEU2- Net 8 weeks	urosciences	and Psychiatry		ENT* 4 weeks	OPHTHALMOLOGY/EYE 4 weeks
Third Spiral	V	Clinical Rotation 9:30 to 3:00 (with Ambulatory, Emergency, Intensive care) In Medicine, Pediatrics, Cardiology and Neurology units Lecture on problem based approach, twice a week Ward tutorial twice a week Student research presentation once a week			Clinical Rotation 9:30 to 3:00 (Inpatient, Ambulatory, Emergency, Intensive care and Operation Theatres) In Surgery, Gynecology & Obstetrics, Orthopedics and Neurosurgery. Lecture on problem based approach, twice a week Ward tutorial twice a week Student research presentation once a week		

OVERVIEW

Program	MBBS			
Year	Three			
Module Title	e Title ENDOCRINOLOGY II			
Module Code	END-2			
Credit Hours				
Duration	5 weeks			
	Anatomy	2		
	Physiology	1		
	Pathology	16.5		
	Pharmacology	11.5		
	Forensic Medicine	11.5		
	Community Medicine	5		
	Surgery	2		
	Medicine	13		
	Pediatrics	3		
	Skills lab	1.5		
Total Hours	Endocrinology module	67		

INTEGRATED MODULE COMMITTEE

RESPONSIBILITIES	NAMES	DESIGNATION	EMAILS
Chief Module	Prof Naheed Khan	Chairperson Anatomy	naheed.khan@duhs.edu.pk
coordinator			
Coordinator	Dr. Mehreen Fatima	Assistant Professor	mehreen.fatima@duhs.edu.pk
Co-coordinators	Dr. Sadia Iqbal	Assistant Professor	saadia.iqbal@duhs.edu.pk
Department	RESOURCE PERSON	DESIGNATION	EMAILS
	DrSyedaRubaba Azim	Assistant Professor	rubaba.azim@duhs.edu.pk
	DrMunizhaNisar	Medical Simulation	munizha.nisar@duhs.edu.pk
		Facilitator	
	Dr Nooreen Adnan	Senior Lecturer	nooreen.adnan@duhs.edu.pk

MODULE DESCRIPTION:

This module has been designed for students to introduce them to the basic concepts of Endocrinology diseases. This module includes Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, Medicine, Surgery, Skills Lab. and Pediatrics.

Lectures, tutorials, small group sessions including tutorials and practical are important components of this module. Your cooperative and teamwork abilities will be improved by working in different teams. You will be able to develop problem solving skills to apply your medical knowledge to practical situations by means of group and individual tasks. This study guide has been developed to assist you and keep you focused to achieve your goals.

Welcome to the Endocrinology module and it is hope that students will be able to achieve the desired module learning outcomes

RATIONALE:

Endocrinology disorders are commonly encountered in both adult and pediatric clinical practice. Common endocrinological disorders like diabetes mellitus, thyrotoxicosis, hypothyroidism, Cushing syndrome, pituitary disorders, beside the hormonal changes are also associated with reproductive organ diseases. In this second, clinical spiral module of endocrinology diseases the student shall deal with the basic understanding of the anatomy, physiology, pathology and biochemical processes attained in the first spiral and develop the understanding of common endocrinology diseases and its management.

LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Describe pathogenesis & clinical presentations of common Endocrinological disorders
- Take history, perform physical examinations of Endocrine system and formulate appropriate plan of investigations for making a diagnosis.
- Interpret the investigations for diagnosis.
- Describe the pharmacology of drugs used in the management of endocrine system/endocrinological disorders.
- Practice basic principles of management of endocrine system/endocrinological disorders.
- Recognize preventive measures & prognosis for counseling the patients.

ANATOMY

Learning Objectives:

• Discuss the gross anatomy and histology of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal gland.

Topics/Contents:

Lectures: (1 hour each)

- Anatomical features of endocrine glands(overview)
- Pituitary anatomy and histology

PHYSIOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

• Discuss the secretion and regulation, mechanism of action and function of hormones of hypothalamus pituitary thyroid parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal gland.

Topics/Contents:

Lectures: (1 hour each)

Classification and regulation of hormones

PATHOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

- Explain the etiology and clinical features of disorders of major endocrine glands
- Describe morphology, histopathology & pathogenesis of abnormalities of pituitary, thyroid and adrenal glands.
- Enlist the features and differential diagnosis of different endocrine abnormalities.

DOW UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES THIRD YEAR MBBS ENDOCRINOLOGY MODULE II

- Characterize pancreatic abnormalities and malfunction.
- Enlist the features of pheochromocytoma and multiple endocrine neoplasia.

Topics/Contents:

Lectures: (1 hour each)

- Overview Of Pituitary Pathologies
- Tumors of Pituitary Glands
- Diffuse and Multinodular Goiters and Neoplasms of Thyroid Gland
- Diabetes Complications: Molecular Pathology
- Hypo and Hyper Secretion of Adrenal Cortex & Medulla
- Pancreatitis and Pancreatic Tumors
- Adrenal Hyperfunction
- Adrenal Insufficiency
- Pheochromocytoma and Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia

Practicals/Tutorials/CBL: (1.5 Hour each)

- Pituitary Function Tests
- Histopathology of Thyroid Gland
- Thyroid Function Tests
- Lab Diagnosis of Adrenal disorders
- Histopathology of Adrenal Gland

PHARMACOLOGY

Learning Objectives:

At the end of the module students should be able to:

- Describe the drugs used as substitutes for the natural pituitary hormones and list their clinical uses
- Understand the mechanism and toxic effects of drugs used to treat Hypo & Hyperthyroidism and parathyroidism
- Enlist several synthetic glucocorticoids and describe the differences between these agents and the naturally occurring hormones
- Know the indications for the use of corticosteroids in adrenal & non-adrenal disorders
- Classify different insulin preparations and describe the major hazards of insulin therapy
- Enlist the prototypes and describe the mechanism of action, key pharmacokinetic features, and toxicities of the major classes of agents used to treat type-2 diabetes mellitus
- Describe the clinical uses of Glucagon

Lectures: (1 hour each)

- Pituitary Hormone In Clinical Practice
- Drugs used to treat hyperthyroidism
- Drugs used to treat hypothyroidism
- Drugs used to treat hypo & hyperparathyroidism
- Oral Hypoglycemic Drugs
- Insulin preparations
- Corticosteroids

DOW UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES THIRD YEAR MBBS ENDOCRINOLOGY MODULE II

Practicals: (1.5 hour each)

- Treatment of hypo & hyperthyroidism
- Treatment of hypo and hyperparathyroidism
- Clinical applications of corticosteroids & antidiabetic drugs.

FORENSIC MEDICINE

Learning Objectives:

- Diagnose, interpret and manage poisoning in living and dead, Narrate the usual fatal dose and fatal period and interpret the medico-legal significance of each of the poison listed below.
- Agrichemical poisons
- Irritants of Animal origin
- Hydrocarbons, Petroleum distillates
- Deliriants
- Opium & its derivative poisons.

Topics/Contents

Lectures: (1 hour each)

- Forensic Psychiatry
- Agrichemical poisons
- Irritants of Animal origin
- Hydrocarbons, Petroleum distillates
- Drug addiction & Drug Dependence/ Stimulants
- Deliriants: Feature of poisoning of dhatura, belladonna and Hyoscyamus and its medico-legal aspect
- Opium & its derivative poisons.

Practicals: (1.5 hour each)

- Deliriants
- Asphyxiants
- Spinal poisons

COMMUNITY MEDICINE.

Learning Objectives:

- Apply appropriate Sampling technique
- Calculate appropriate Sample size
- Develop Synopsis without Plagiarism
- Develop Questionnaire
- Write Results, Discussion and Abstract of a research paper

Topics/Contents:

Lectures: (1 Hour each)

- Sampling technique
- Sample size calculation
- Synopsis development & Plagiarism
- Questionnaire development
- Writing Results, Discussion and Abstract of aresearch paper

MEDICINE

Learning Objectives:

- Enlist and interpret different investigations to be done in a patient of endocrine disorders.
- Describe the causes, diagnostic approach and management of hypo and hyperpitutarism.
- Discuss the diagnostic approach and management of Hypo/ Hyper secretions of thyroid gland
- Discuss the diagnostic approach, management, and complications of diabetes.
- Identify, investigate and discuss the management of hypo and hyper secretion of adrenal gland.

Topics/Contents:

Lectures (1 hour each)

- Overview of pituitary syndromes and hypopituitarism.
- Clinical feature, diagnosis and Management of Hypo-Thyroidism
- Clinical feature, Diagnosis & Management of Hyperthyroidism
- Clinical feature, Diagnosis & Management of hypo & hyper parathyroid gland
- Management of patient with Diabetes Mellitus
- Causes, Clinical features, diagnosis & management of Cushing Syndrome
- Causes, Clinical features, diagnosis & management of Addison Disease.

SBL(1.5 hour each)

- Disorders of pituitary
- Hypo & hyperthyroidism
- Addison's disease
- Diabetes mellitus & metabolic syndrome

PAEDIATRICS.

Learning objectives:

- To achieve the basic knowledge and clinical competencies related tocommon endocrine disorders.
- To understand, causes, clinical signs and symptoms and complications of Diabetes Mellitus
- To understand routine laboratory tests to diagnose the commonendocrine diseases in children.
- To take a good detailed history of a patient in all settings like inpatient and in outpatient department.
- To perform a general physical and systemic examination of a childwith endocrine disorders like hypo/hyperthyroidism,hypo/hyperpituitarism.
- To make differential diagnoses and most probable diagnosis.
- To understand, essential management plan and counselling ofmothers/attendant for common endocrine disorders.

Topics/Contents:

Lectures (1hour each)

- Clinical Presentation, Diagnosis & Management of short stature
- Clinical Features, Diagnosis & Management of Congenital & Acquired Hypothyroidism
- Clinical Features, Diagnosis and Management of Diabetics Mellitus, DK

SURGERY

Learning objectives:

Topics/Contents:

Lectures (1hour each)

- Approach to a patient with thyroid nodule & Role of surgery in thyroid disorders
- Indications of surgical intervention of Hyper secretions of parathyroid gland

Skills Lab

Arterial Puncture

The contents are subjected to be altered according to requirement of academic calendar

Learning Resources

PATHOLOGY

- Robbins Basic Pathology Kumar & Abbas 9th Edition
- Robbins &Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease Kumar & Abbas & Aster 9th Edition COMMUNITY MEDICINE
- Public Health and Community Medicine Shah, Ilyas, Ansari 7th Edition PHARMACOLOGY
 - Lippincott's Illustrated Review Pharmacology Karen Whalen 6th Or Latest Edition
 - Basic And Clinical Pharmacology Bertram G. Katzung 11th Edition

FORENSIC MEDICINE

 Principles And Practice of Forensic Medicine NasibR.Awan 1 St Edition MEDICINE

- Principles & Practice of Medicine Davidson's 22nd Or Latest Edition
- Essentials Of Kumar and Clark's Clinical Medicine Kumar & Clark 9th Or Latest Edition
- Macleod's Clinical Examination Douglas & Nicol & Robertson13th Or Latest Edition
- Hutchison's Clinical Methods William M Drake & Michael Glynn 23rd Or Latest Edition

PAEDIATRICS

• Nelsons's Essentials of Pediatrics Marcdante&Kliegman 7th Or Latest Edition

ASSESSMENT

Assessment will be done in two parts:

At the end of module

- Module Exam (Theory) -20%
- Module Exam Practical Internal Evaluation- 20%

At the end of Year

- Annual Exam (Theory) -80%
- Annual Exam (OSPE, Viva)-80%

MCQs (Multiple choice questions), OSPE (Objective Structured Practical Exam) and structured viva will be the main assessment tool.